LEARNING OUTCOMES LEARNING ACTIVITIES EVALUATION METHODS

LEARNING OUTCOMES	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	EVALUATION METHODS
7. Define the differences in	Slide Presentations	Research Papers
cultural practices as it	Lecture	Student Presentations
applies to art and	Assignments	Written Examinations
architecture.	Group Discussions	
	Research Papers	
	Library Research	
	Internet Research	
	Museum Visits	
	Student Presentations	

At the conclusion of each semester/session, assessment of the learning outcomes will be completed by course faculty using the listed evaluation method(s). Aggregated results will be submitted to the Associate Vice President of Academic Affairs. The benchmark for each learning outcome is that 70% of students will meet or exceed outcome criteria.

## **SEQUENCE OF TOPICS:**

- 1) Course Introduction
- 2) Prehistoric Art
- 3) Ancient Egypt
  - a) Geographical and Religious influences
  - b) Pyramids, temples, sculpture, tomb paintings
- 4) Art of Mesopotamia
  - a) Geographical and Religious influences
  - b) The Sumerians, Babylonians, Assyrians, etc.
- 5) Ancient Greece
  - a) Backgrounds Agean Art
  - b) Greek architecture, pottery, sculpture to First Century
- 6) Ancient Rome
  - a) Backgrounds Etruscan Art
  - b) Roman Architecture, the portrait bust, paintings of Pompeii
  - c) Social implications of Roman art for the present
- 7) Early Christian and Byzantine Art
  - a) Historical background Influence of Constantine, Justinian
  - b) The Christian basilica, mosaic decoration
- The Romanesque Period
  - a) Backgrounds The Dark Ages, Carolingian and Ottonian periods
  - b) Architecture and architectural sculpture
  - c) Impact on Gothic
- 9) The Gothic Period
  - a) Historical backgrounds-repopulation of cities, cultural boundaries
  - b) The Cathedral, architectural sculpture